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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/857,805	06/11/2001	Martin Hans	1573	9636	
7590 07/19/2004			EXAMINER		
Striker Striker & Stenby			PEREZ, J	PEREZ, JULIO R	
103 East Neck I Huntington, N			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
5 ,			2681	à	
			DATE MAILED: 07/19/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	09/857,805	HANS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Julio R Perez	2681				
The MAILING DATE of this communica						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statute Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a cation. lays, a reply within the statutory minimum of the ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO, by statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 April 2004.						
3) Since this application is in condition for	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
closed in accordance with the practice	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International	ocuments have been received. Ocuments have been received in the priority documents have been all Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No In received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) A) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4.8. 		Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-12 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) The invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-8, 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Keba et al. (5652783).

Regarding claim 1, Keba et al. disclose a transmission frame for transmitting short messages in a telecommunications network, in the form of a radio telecommunications network, comprising; at least two data fields wherein data of a short message are stored in memory in the data fields (col. 5, lines 12-64, the messages comprise two sections, and address section and the digital message section), and wherein data in a first data format are stored in a first data field of the short message (col. 5, lines 12-64; col. 6, lines 13-20; col. 8, lines 26-55; Figs. 6-7, one portion of the message is located in a first data format, are stored in a second data field of the short message (col. 5, lines 12-64; col. 6, lines 13-20; col. 8, lines 26-55; Figs. 6-7, one

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portion of the message is located in a first portion of the message and the second portion, either digital data or digital voice, is located on the second portion).

Regarding claim 2, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame, wherein a first ID code, which identifies the makeup of the short message, is provided in the first data field (col. 8, lines 33-40; Figs. 6-7, the sort message comprises a header ID).

Regarding claim 3, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame, wherein the first ID code Includes indications about the number of data fields and/or about the data formats in the data fields, and/or about the size of the data fields (col. 8, lines 33-55; Fig. 6-7, the bit length is specified).

Regarding claim 4, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame, wherein a second ID code, which identifies the content of the short message, is provided in the first data field (col. 8, lines 33-46; Fig. 6-7, the message is identified to be either digital data or voice data).

Regarding claim 5, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame; wherein the second ID code includes indications about the data type, including audio or image data, of the data stored in the data fields (col. 8, lines 33-46; Fig. 6-7, indication of what type of data is provided, voice message or data message).

Regarding claim 6, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame, wherein only the first data field is limited in its size to a predetermined value (col. 8, lines 51-55, predetermined bit length is provided).

Regarding claim 7, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame, wherein in each of at least two data fields, one data-field-specific ID code, which identifies the makeup

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and/or content of the corresponding data field, per data field is provided (col. 8, lines 33-46; Fig. 6-7, the message is identified to be either digital data or voice data).

Regarding claim 8, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame, wherein the data stored in the first data field are present in a data format that is readable by all the subscribers of fine telecommunications network (col. 1, lines 49-67; col. 3, lines 1-6 and 50-59; col. 7, lines 39-50).

Regarding claim 10, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame, wherein data are stored in a plurality of data formats in one of the data fields (col. 5, lines 12-64; col. 6, lines 13-20; col. 8, lines 26-55; Figs. 6-7, one portion of the message is located in a first portion of the message and the second portion, either digital data or digital voice, is located on the second portion; hence, different data formats may be provided).

Regarding claim 11, Keba et al. disclose the transmission frame, wherein only data in a single data format are stored in each data field (col. 5, lines 12-64; col. 6, lines 13-20; col. 8, lines 26-55; Figs. 6-7, either digital data or digital voice formats may be provided).

Regarding claim 12, Keba et al. disclose a telecommunications device, in the form of a radio unit, comprising: having a transmission frame for transmitting short messages in a telecommunications network in the form of a radio telecommunications network (col. 3, lines 31-59; Figs. 6-7, messages are sent within a radio communication system environment), wherein at least two data fields are provided in the transmission frame, wherein data of a short message are stored in memory in the data fields (col. 5, lines 12-64, the messages comprise two sections, and address section and the digital

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message section), and wherein data in a first data format are stored in a first data field of the short message and data in a second data format, different from the first data format, are stored in a second data field of the short messages (col. 5, lines 12-64; col. 6, lines 13-20; col. 8, lines 26-55; Figs. 6-7, one portion of the message is located in a first portion of the message; and the second portion, either digital data or digital voice, is located on the second portion).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Keba et al. (5652783) in view of Alanara et al. (6188909).

Regarding claim 9, Keba et al. teach the limitations in claim 1.

Keba et al. do not explicitly disclose the transmission frame, wherein the data stored in the first data field are in a text format, in accordance with the GSM-SMS format (Global System for Mobile Communications - Short Message Service).

However, the preceding limitation is well known in the art of telecommunications.

Alanara et al. teach a communication network with SMS applications (col. 2, lines 23-35; Fig. 5-6).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the system as taught by Keba et al. with text message capability because it would make the transmission system more efficient in providing transmitting information on display.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The following patents are cited to further show the art with respect to transmission systems capable of transmitting messages.

US Pat. No. 6292668 to Alanara et al.

Means for communicating

messages

US Pat. No. 6400958 to Isomursu et al.

Terminal supporting a plurality of

applications

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Julio R Perez whose telephone number is (703) 305-8637. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30AM-4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Erika Gary can be reached on (703) 308-0123. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PRIM

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